Zamia

CARDBOARD PALM

REGION OF ORIGIN

Tropical regions of Americas

¢ Light

Cardboard Palm thrives in bright, indirect light, making it ideal for well-lit indoor spaces. Place it near an east- or north-facing window where it can receive filtered light. Avoid direct sunlight, as it can scorch the leaves. While it can tolerate partial shade, its growth may slow and the foliage may become less vibrant.



We recommend fertilizers like Espoma Organic Indoor! Houseplant Food, Jack's Houseplant Special, or Organic Plant Magic. These options provide essential nutrients to keep your plants vibrant and thriving.



PRUNING & PROPAGATION Locate small pups growing at the

base of the mother plant. Carefully dig around the pup and separate it, ensuring roots are attached. Plant the offset in a small pot with welldraining soil and water lightly, keeping the soil slightly moist but not soggy.



SOIL

For tropical plants we recommend our Rooted Goods All-Purpose Potting Mix, Uncle Mike's Organic Potting Mix, or Espoma's Organic Potting Mix. All three options are great choices for ensuring healthy growth and thriving plants.

Cardboard Palms prefer soil that is allowed to dry out between waterings. Water thoroughly when the top 2-3 inches of soil feel dry to the touch. Ensure the pot has proper drainage to prevent root rot, and always empty the saucer after watering.

L TEMPERATURE

The Cardboard Palm thrives in temperatures between 65-85°F (18-29°C). Keep it away from cold drafts, air conditioners, or heaters, as sudden temperature changes can stress the plant. Stable, warm conditions will ensure it stays healthy and vibrant.



May be susceptible to pests like mealybugs, scale, and spider mites. Regularly inspect the plant for signs of infestation, such as sticky residue, webbing, or small bumps on leaves and stems. If pests are spotted, treat promptly with natural remedies like neem oil or insecticidal soap, or use chemical treatments if necessary.



The Cardboard Palm is not petsafe. It is toxic to cats and dogs if ingested. Symptoms may include vomiting, diarrhea, and in severe cases, liver failure. Keep this plant out of reach of pets to ensure their safety or opt for a pet safe option.